

**Find the exact real number.**

1.  $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) =$

2.  $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3}) =$

3.  $\cot^{-1} 0 =$

4.  $\sec^{-1} 2 =$

5.  $\cot\left(\sec^{-1}\frac{5}{4}\right) =$

6.  $\sin\left(\cos^{-1}\frac{1}{4}\right) =$

7.  $\sec\left[\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right] =$

8.  $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$

9.  $\tan^{-1}(-1)$

10.  $\sec^{-1}(-\sqrt{2})$

**Find the exact degree measure of  $\theta$ .**

11.  $\theta = \sec^{-1}(-1)$

12.  $\theta = \sec^{-1}(-\sqrt{2})$

13.  $\theta = \sec^{-1}(\sec-120^\circ)$

14.  $\theta = \cos^{-1}(\cos(30^\circ))$

**Find the exact real number.**

15.  $\tan\left[\tan^{-1} 4 - \sec^{-1}(-\sqrt{3})\right] =$

16.  $\cos\left(\frac{\cos^{-1}\frac{1}{4}}{2}\right) =$

17.  $\tan\left[2\sec^{-1}(-\sqrt{7})\right] =$

18.  $\sin\left[\cos^{-1}\frac{4}{5} - \tan^{-1}\frac{7}{24}\right] =$

19.  $\cos\left(\arccos\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \arctan(-1)\right)$

20.  $\arccos\left(\sin\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$

$$21. \sin\left(\arccos\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + \tan^{-1}(1)\right)$$

$$22. \tan\left(\arcsin\frac{4}{5} + \arccos\frac{4}{5}\right)$$

$$23. \sin\frac{1}{2}\left(\arctan\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)\right)$$

$$24. \cos\left[\frac{2\pi}{3} - \sin^{-1}(-1)\right]$$

$$25. \tan\left[\arccos\frac{7}{25} + \arcsin\left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)\right]$$

26. State the domain and range of  $y = \text{Arc sin } x$ .

27. State the domain and range of  $y = \text{Arc cos } x$ .

28. State the domain and range of  $y = \tan^{-1}x$ .

29. State the domain and range of  $y = \text{csc}^{-1}x$ .

30. State the domain and range of  $y = \text{arccot}x$ .

PRE CALC WS 7.5 Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Find all of the solutions to the following:

31.  $15\sin x + 19 = 14\sin x + 18$

32.  $5\cot x + 12 = 6\cot x + 13$

33.  $2\cos^2 x = 1$

34.  $\csc^2 x = 2$

35.  $2\cos^2 x + 3\cos x + 1 = 0$

36.  $\cot^2 x - \cot x = 0$

37.  $\cos x = \sec x$

38.  $4\sin^2 x - 8\cos x + 1 = 0$

39.  $\cos 2x + 3\cos x = -2$

40.  $2\sin x - \sin 2x = 0$

Find the exact solutions to each equation for the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$ .

41.  $\sin^2 x + 3\cos x = 3$

42.  $2\cos^3 x + \cos^2 x - \cos x = 0$

43.  $\cos^2 2x = \frac{1}{2}\cos 2x$

44.  $\frac{\sin x}{\sin x - 1} = \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x + 3}$

45.  $\sin 2x \cos x + \cos 2x \sin x = \frac{1}{2}$

46.  $\cos 2x \cos x - \sin 2x \sin x = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$